



## mucopolysaccharidosis type VII

Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII (MPS VII), also known as Sly syndrome, is a progressive condition that affects most tissues and organs. The severity of MPS VII varies widely among affected individuals.

The most severe cases of MPS VII are characterized by hydrops fetalis, a condition in which excess fluid builds up in the body before birth. Most babies with hydrops fetalis are stillborn or die soon after birth. Other people with MPS VII typically begin to show signs and symptoms of the condition during early childhood. The features of MPS VII include a large head (macrocephaly), a buildup of fluid in the brain (hydrocephalus), distinctive-looking facial features that are described as "coarse," and a large tongue (macroglossia). Affected individuals also frequently develop an enlarged liver and spleen (hepatosplenomegaly), heart valve abnormalities, and a soft out-pouching around the belly-button (umbilical hernia) or lower abdomen (inguinal hernia). The airway may become narrow in some people with MPS VII, leading to frequent upper respiratory infections and short pauses in breathing during sleep (sleep apnea). The clear covering of the eye (cornea) becomes cloudy, which can cause significant vision loss. People with MPS VII may also have recurrent ear infections and hearing loss. Affected individuals may have developmental delay and progressive intellectual disability, although intelligence is unaffected in some people with this condition.

MPS VII causes various skeletal abnormalities that become more pronounced with age, including short stature and joint deformities (contractures) that affect mobility. Individuals with this condition may also have dysostosis multiplex, which refers to multiple skeletal abnormalities seen on x-ray. Carpal tunnel syndrome develops in many children with MPS VII and is characterized by numbness, tingling, and weakness in the hands and fingers. People with MPS VII may develop a narrowing of the spinal canal (spinal stenosis) in the neck, which can compress and damage the spinal cord.

The life expectancy of individuals with MPS VII depends on the severity of symptoms. Some affected individuals do not survive infancy, while others may live into adolescence or adulthood. Heart disease and airway obstruction are major causes of death in people with MPS VII.

### Frequency

The exact incidence of MPS VII is unknown, although it is estimated to occur in 1 in 250,000 newborns. It is one of the rarest types of mucopolysaccharidosis.

## Genetic Changes

Mutations in the *GUSB* gene cause MPS VII. This gene provides instructions for producing the beta-glucuronidase ( $\beta$ -glucuronidase) enzyme, which is involved in the breakdown of large sugar molecules called glycosaminoglycans (GAGs). GAGs were originally called mucopolysaccharides, which is where this condition gets its name. Mutations in the *GUSB* gene reduce or completely eliminate the function of  $\beta$ -glucuronidase. The shortage (deficiency) of  $\beta$ -glucuronidase leads to the accumulation of GAGs within cells, specifically inside the lysosomes. Lysosomes are compartments in the cell that digest and recycle different types of molecules. Conditions such as MPS VII that cause molecules to build up inside the lysosomes are called lysosomal storage disorders. The accumulation of GAGs increases the size of the lysosomes, which is why many tissues and organs are enlarged in this disorder. Researchers believe that the GAGs may also interfere with the functions of other proteins inside the lysosomes and disrupt many normal functions of cells.

## Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

## Other Names for This Condition

- beta-glucuronidase deficiency
- GUSB deficiency
- MPS VII
- MPS7
- Mucopolysaccharidosis 7
- Mucopolysaccharidosis VII
- Sly Syndrome

## Diagnosis & Management

These resources address the diagnosis or management of mucopolysaccharidosis type VII:

- Genetic Testing Registry: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0085132/>
- National MPS Society: A Guide to Understanding MPS VII  
[http://www.mppsociety.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/MPS\\_VII\\_2008.pdf](http://www.mppsociety.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/MPS_VII_2008.pdf)

These resources from MedlinePlus offer information about the diagnosis and management of various health conditions:

- Diagnostic Tests  
<https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html>
- Drug Therapy  
<https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html>
- Surgery and Rehabilitation  
<https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html>
- Genetic Counseling  
<https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html>
- Palliative Care  
<https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html>

## **Additional Information & Resources**

### MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Mucopolysaccharides  
<https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/002263.htm>
- Health Topic: Carbohydrate Metabolism Disorders  
<https://medlineplus.gov/carbohydratemetabolismdisorders.html>

### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

- Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII  
<https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/7096/mucopolysaccharidosis-type-vii>

### Additional NIH Resources

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Mucopolysaccharidosis Fact Sheet  
<https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Mucopolysaccharidoses-Information-Page>

### Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII  
<http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Mucopolysaccharidosis+type+VII/4922>
- MalaCards: mucopolysaccharidosis vii  
[http://www.malacards.org/card/mucopolysaccharidosis\\_vii](http://www.malacards.org/card/mucopolysaccharidosis_vii)

- National MPS Society: A Guide to Understanding MPS VII  
[http://www.mppsociety.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/MPS\\_VII\\_2008.pdf](http://www.mppsociety.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/07/MPS_VII_2008.pdf)
- Orphanet: Mucopolysaccharidosis type 7  
[http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=584](http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=584)

#### Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Lysosomal Diseases New Zealand  
<http://www.ldnz.org.nz/>
- National MPS Society  
<http://mppsociety.org/>
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)  
<https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/sly-syndrome/>
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center  
<http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/mucopoly.html>
- The Canadian Society for Mucopolysaccharide & Related Diseases, Inc.  
<http://www.mppsociety.ca/>
- The MPS Society (UK)  
<http://www.mppsociety.org.uk/diseases/mps-diseases/mps-vii/>

#### Genetic Testing Registry

- Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0085132/>

#### ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov  
<https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22mucopolysaccharidosis+type+VII%22>

#### Scientific articles on PubMed

- PubMed  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28Mucopolysaccharidosis+VII%5BALL%5D%29+OR+%28Sly+syndrome%29%29+OR+%28mucopolysaccharidosis+type+VII%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D>

#### OMIM

- MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE VII  
<http://omim.org/entry/253220>

## Sources for This Summary

- Metcalf JA, Zhang Y, Hilton MJ, Long F, Ponder KP. Mechanism of shortened bones in mucopolysaccharidosis VII. *Mol Genet Metab*. 2009 Jul;97(3):202-11. doi: 10.1016/j.ymgme.2009.03.005. Epub 2009 Mar 25.  
*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19375967>  
*Free article on PubMed Central:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2775472/>
  - Muenzer J. The mucopolysaccharidoses: a heterogeneous group of disorders with variable pediatric presentations. *J Pediatr*. 2004 May;144(5 Suppl):S27-34. Review.  
*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15126981>
  - Tomatsu S, Montañó AM, Dung VC, Grubb JH, Sly WS. Mutations and polymorphisms in GUSB gene in mucopolysaccharidosis VII (Sly Syndrome). *Hum Mutat*. 2009 Apr;30(4):511-9. doi: 10.1002/humu.20828. Review.  
*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19224584>  
*Free article on PubMed Central:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3048808/>
  - Venkat-Raman N, Sebire NJ, Murphy KW. Recurrent fetal hydrops due to mucopolysaccharidoses type VII. *Fetal Diagn Ther*. 2006;21(3):250-4. Review.  
*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16601332>
- 

Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:

<https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/mucopolysaccharidosis-type-vii>

Reviewed: August 2010

Published: January 24, 2017

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications

U.S. National Library of Medicine

National Institutes of Health

Department of Health & Human Services